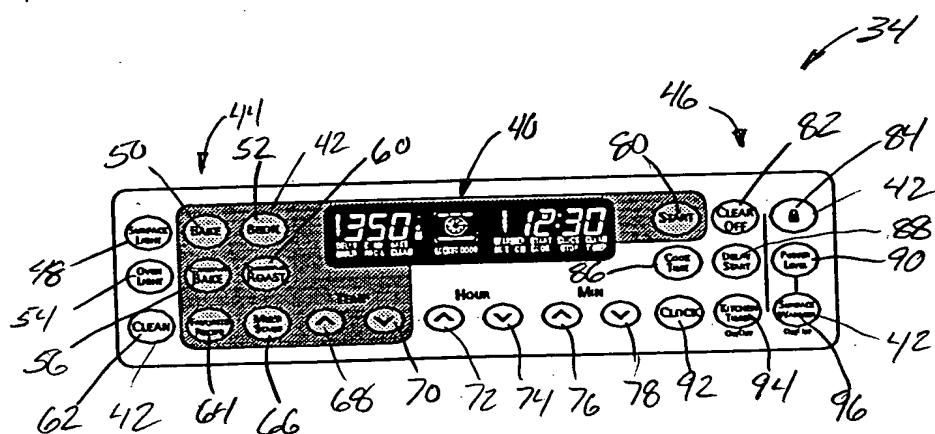
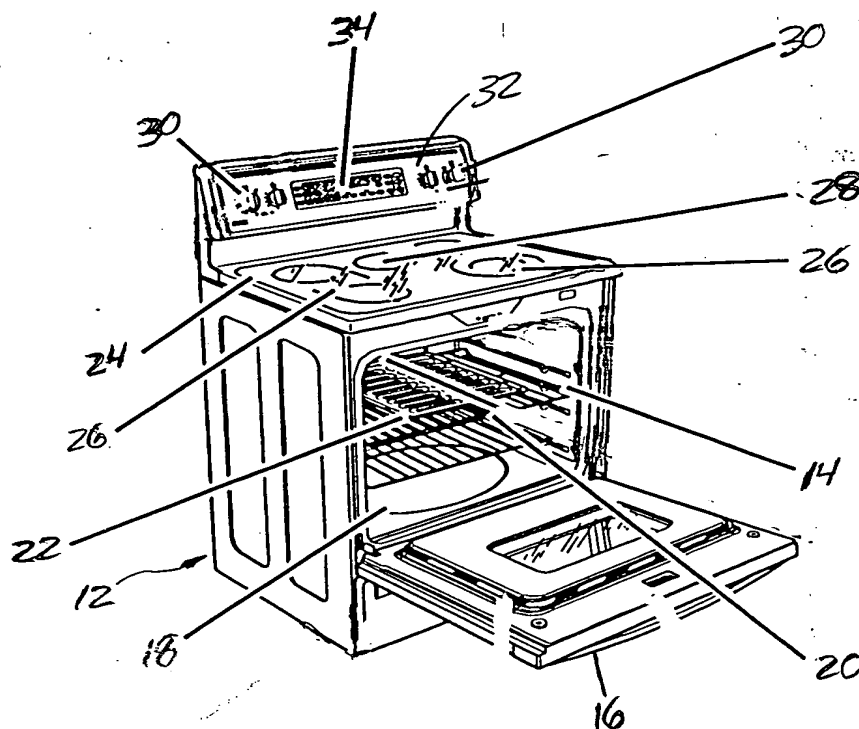
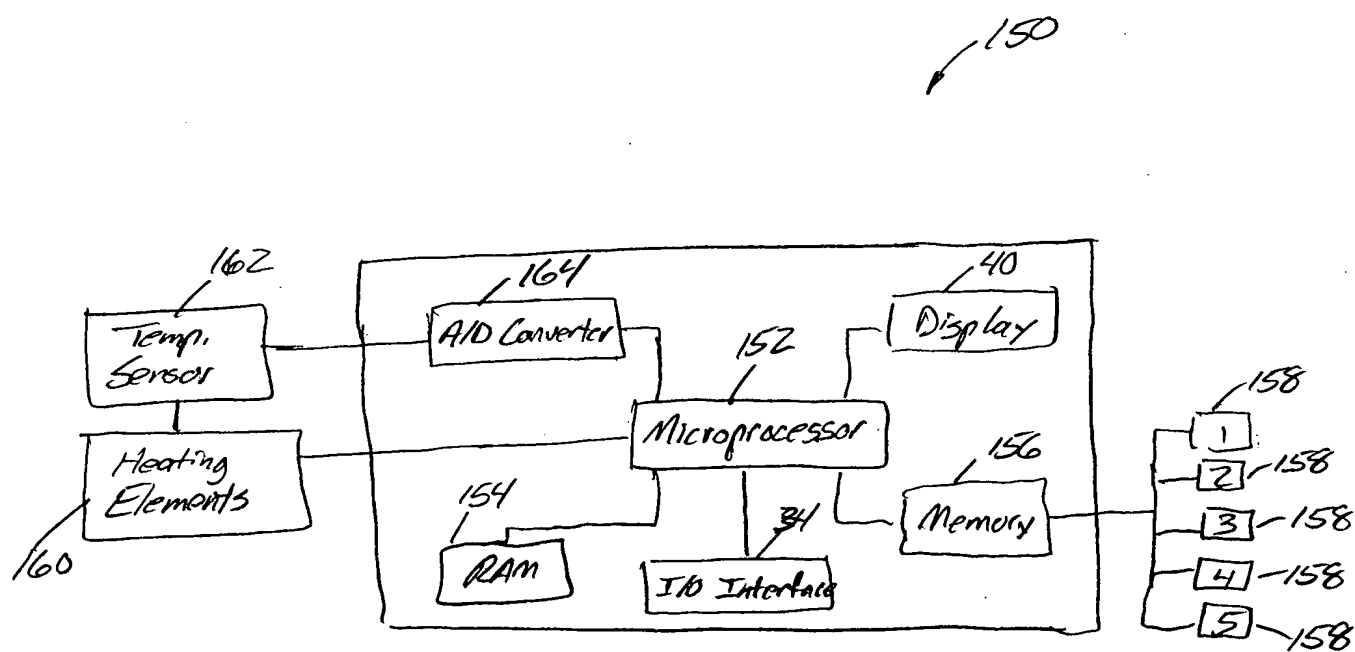
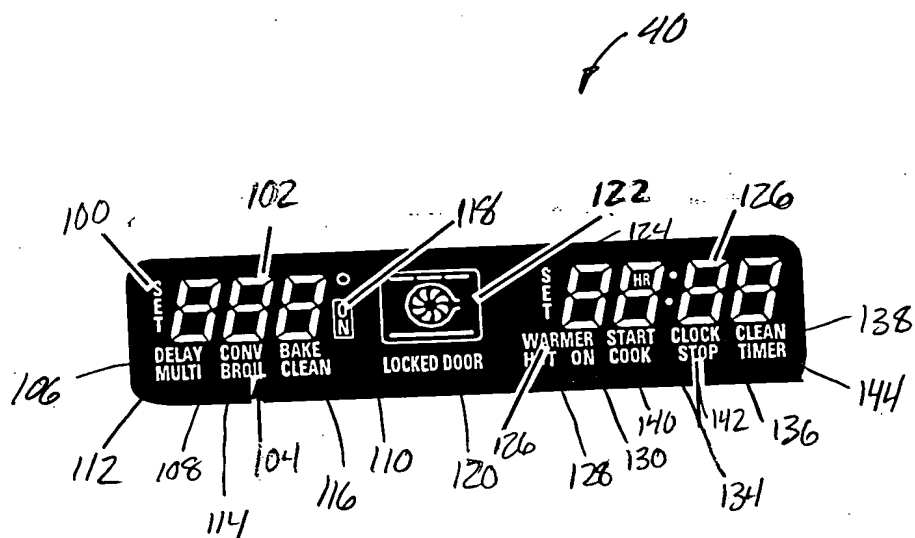


$$\frac{219}{506.000}$$

116

637.00
1-6







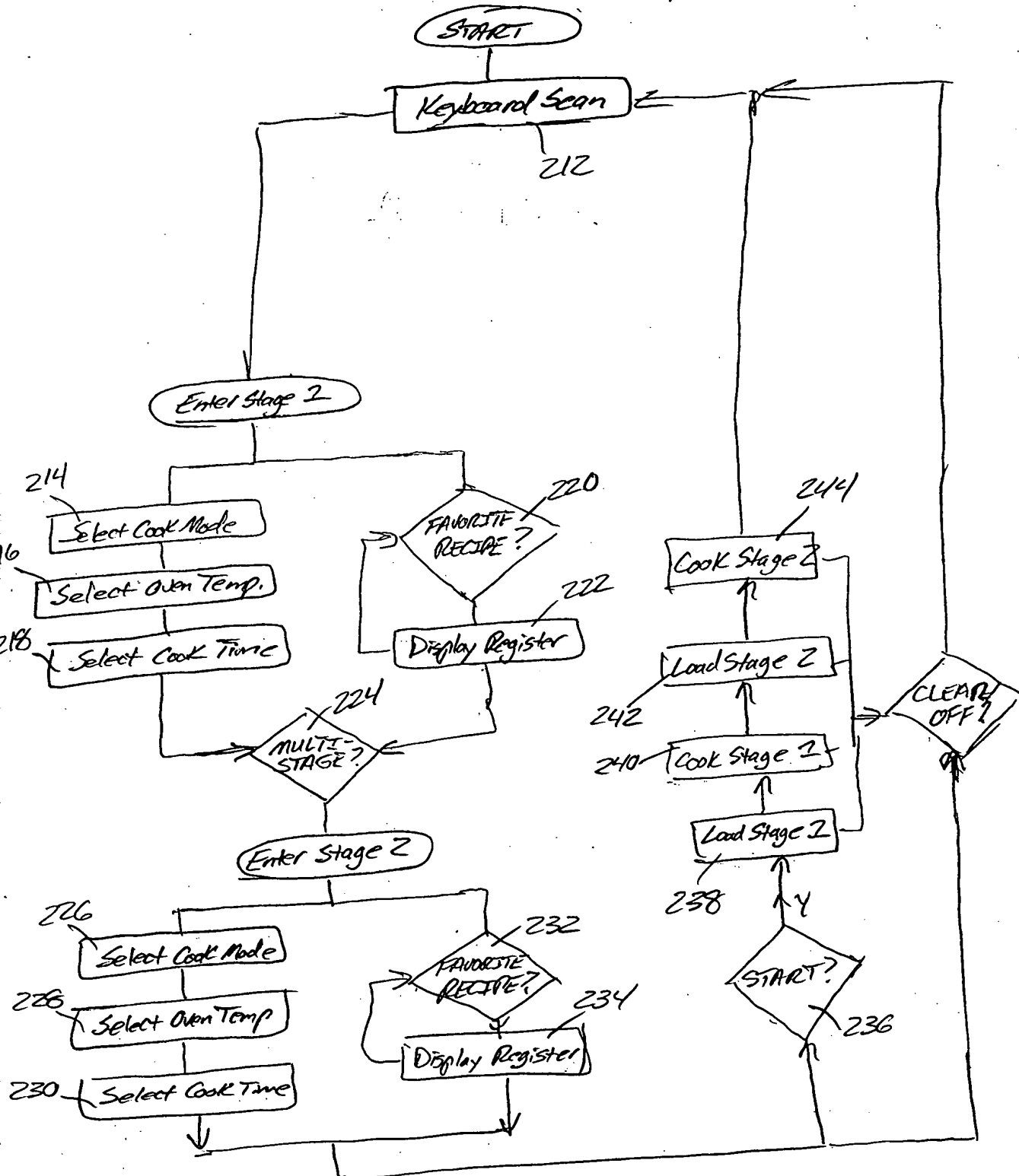


FIG. 6



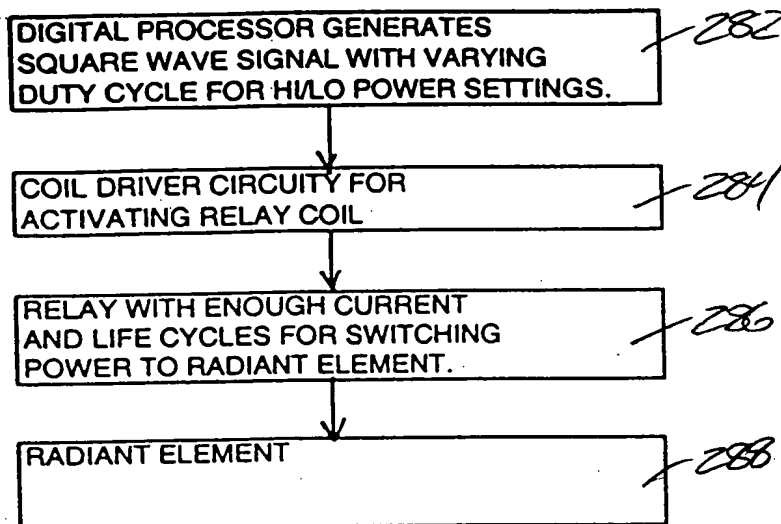


FIG. 8

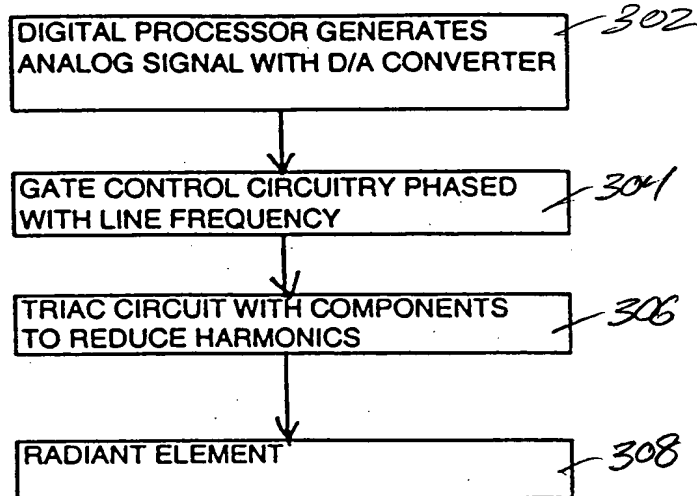


FIG. 9

Figure 1 consists of 11 histograms arranged horizontally. Each histogram represents the distribution of the number of non-zero elements in the vector x for a specific value of n . The x-axis for all histograms is labeled 'Number of non-zero elements' and ranges from 0 to 110. The y-axis is labeled 'Frequency' and ranges from 0 to 100. The histograms are labeled with their corresponding n values: 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, and 110. As n increases, the distribution of non-zero elements shifts to the right, indicating that the vector x contains more non-zero elements as n grows.